

Decon Force 100 - if product freezes:

What freezing can do (and why it matters):

- 1) Part B (hydrogen peroxide component): It can freeze around ~26°F / -3°C; guidance is to allow it to thaw if that happens. Also, peroxide strength is most impacted by excess heat, which can decrease activity.
- 2) Part A (surfactant/foam component): Cold storage can cause solids/settling in the bottom. Guidance is that the solids will re-dissolve after warming and shaking, and even if you need to use them immediately the solids will dissolve when mixed with Part B.
- 3) General storage guidance (for the combined product) allows a broad range, with an “optimum” storage window.

Recommended protocol if it freezes

1) Quarantine the kit

- Don't mix/use until both parts are fully thawed and look normal.

2) Thaw correctly (no aggressive heating)

- Move containers to a room above ~72°F / 22°C and let them equalize.
- Do not heat Part B above about 122°F / 50°C (heat reduces peroxide activity).



3) Restore uniformity

- Part A: If you see solids at the bottom, vigorously shake until dissolved.
- Part B: After thawed, gently invert/roll to ensure its uniform (avoid violent shaking that could create pressure/foaming).

4) If immediate use is required and Part A still shows solids

- Combine Part A completely with Part B in an independent container and mix thoroughly; according to the provided guidance, any residual solids will dissolve into a homogeneous, usable liquid during mixing.

5) Quick “field checks” before use - Use the batch if it passes these:

- Both parts are fully liquid (no ice).
- No persistent separation after mixing/shaking.
- No unusual container deformation/leaks.
- Mixed solutions behave normally for your application (e.g., expected foaming/wetting).

6) When to reject / replace

- If Part B was exposed to high heat (hot truck, near heaters) or you suspect repeated freeze/thaw cycles and performance seems off, replace—because peroxide activity can drop with adverse storage.

7) Storage best practices going forward

- Aim for “room temp” storage; the SDS lists an optimum storage range of roughly 50–119°F (10–48°C).

